



BİLKENT UNIVERSITY
MOLECULAR BIOLOGY AND GENETICS
DEPARTMENTAL SEMINAR

“Rac1-mediated membrane raft localization of PI3K/p110 β is required for its activation by GPCRs or PTEN loss”

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The plasma membrane is the major site of phosphoinositide 3-kinase (PI3K) activation and integration of divergent growth factor signals. We aimed to understand how spatial compartmentalization in the plasma membrane might contribute to the functions of the ubiquitous class IA PI3K isoforms, p110 α and p110 β . We found that p110 β localizes to membrane rafts in a Rac1-dependent manner. This localization potentiates Akt activation by G-protein-coupled receptors (GPCRs). Thus genetic targeting of a Rac1 binding-deficient allele of p110 α to rafts alleviated the requirement for p110 α -Rac1 association for GPCR signaling, cell growth and migration. In contrast, p110 β , which does not play a physiological role in GPCR signaling, is found to reside in nonraft regions of the plasma membrane. Raft targeting of p110 β allowed its EGFR-mediated activation by GPCRs. Notably, we found that p110 β dependent, PTEN null tumor cells critically rely upon raft-associated PI3K activity. Collectively, our findings provide a mechanistic account of how membrane raft localization regulates differential activation of distinct PI3K isoforms and offer insight into why PTEN-deficient cancers depend on p110 β .

Date-Time : Wednesday, September 28, 2016 – at 15:40
Place : SBZ-14
Host : Serkan Göktuna